

#### Focused on the Health of our Community

2022 Community Health Needs Assessment and Implementation Plan Executive Summary

#### **Our Community**

RDHW focuses on providing care to the communities in the Greater Williamsburg, Virginia area. This report focuses on the five localities and three health districts primarily served by the facility. Specifically, that includes:

- Peninsula Health District: City of Williamsburg & James City County
- Chickahominy Health District: New Kent County & Charles City County
- Three Rivers Health District: King William County









While largely known as a tourism destination for both history and amusement parks, other major employers in the area include local government, Schools (local K-12 and the College of William & Mary), healthcare and manufacturing.

Population (2025): 133,439

Population Growth (2020-2025): 6.5%

Median Age (2025): 44.7

Median Household Income (2025): \$105,074

Total Households (2025): 51,899

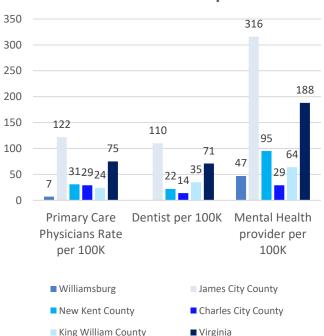
Racial & Ethnic Mix: 73% White, 17% Black, 4% 2 or more races. 3% Asian / Native Hawaiian, 2% other and 1% Native American. 6% of population is Hispanic



## Supporting Community Health

The greater Williamsburg region has many pieces in place to support the health of individuals in the community.

#### **Healthcare Providers per 100K**





#### Health assets in the region include:

Medical Hospitals: Riverside Doctors' Hospital of Williamsburg and Sentara Williamsburg Regional Medical Center

**Behavioral Health Facilities:** Eastern State Hospital, The Pavilion at Williamsburg Place

Free Clinics: Olde Towne Medical Center, Lackey Clinic, Angels of Mercy Clinic

#### Staying Active & Healthy:

Community resources that support healthy living include:

Williamsburg Farmer's Market

Virginia's Capital Trail

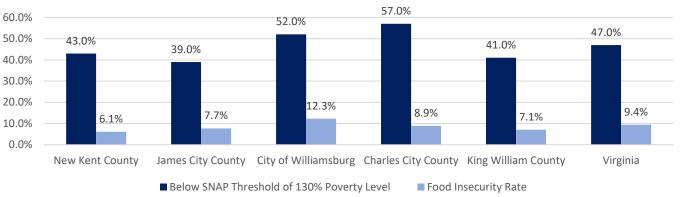
York River State Park

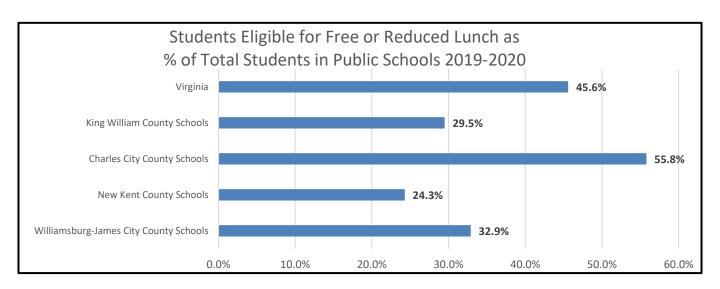
Multiple local county and city parks, recreation centers and sports complexes



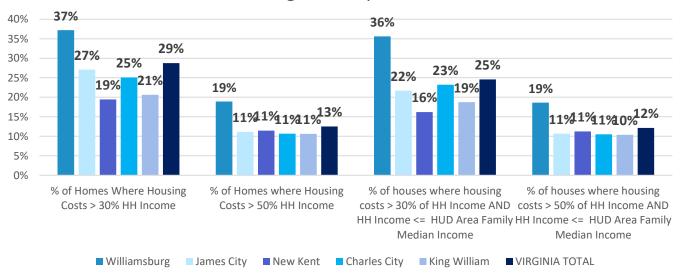
### Food & Housing Insecurity



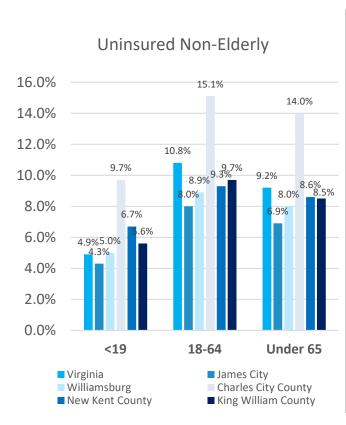


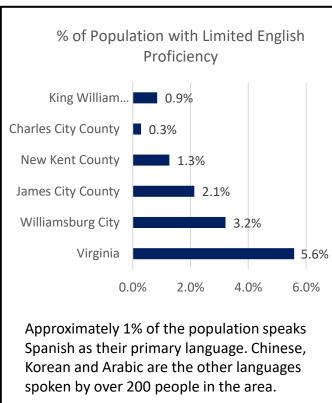


#### **Housing Insecurity Measures**



#### **Addressing Access Barriers**

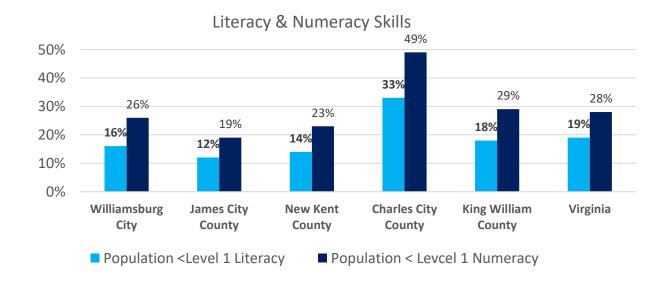




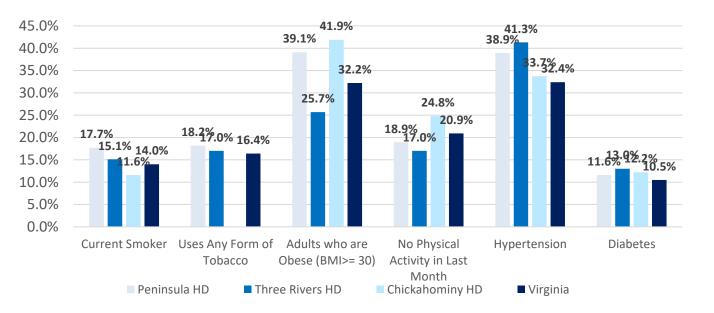
#### Medically Underserved Areas and Populations

Primary Care Medically Underserved Areas: Charles City, New Kent and King William

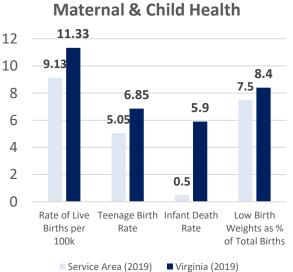
Medically Underserved Population: Low Income Williamsburg Service Area - Williamsburg, York & James City County



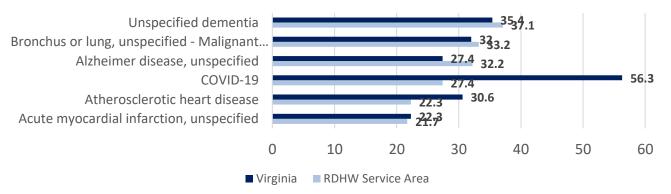
## Health Snapshot



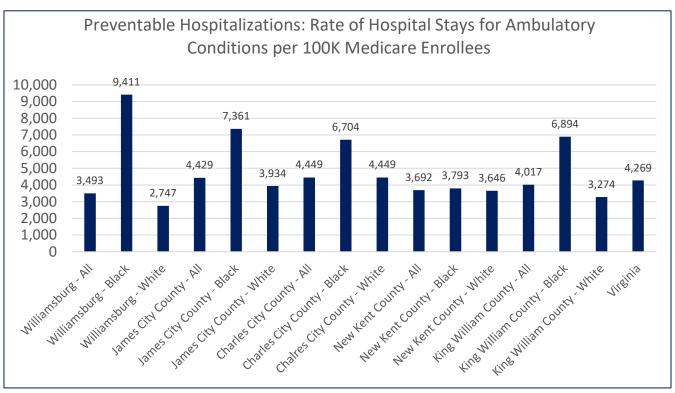


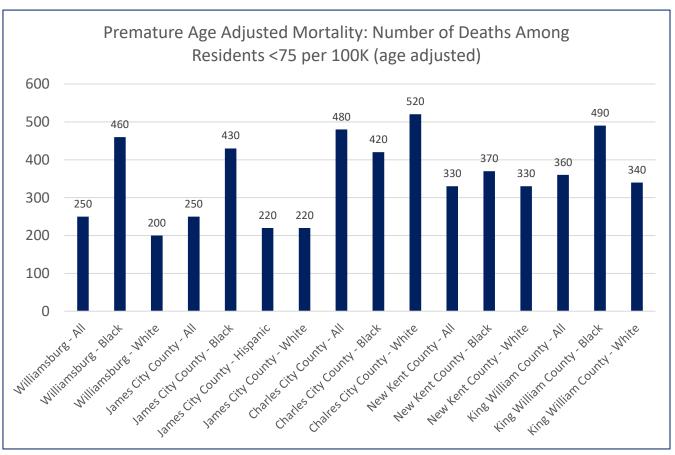


#### Age Adjusted Death Rate per 100K

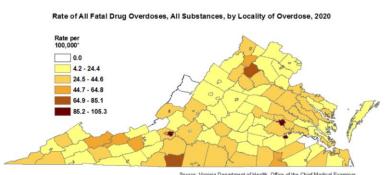


## **Outcomes by Population**



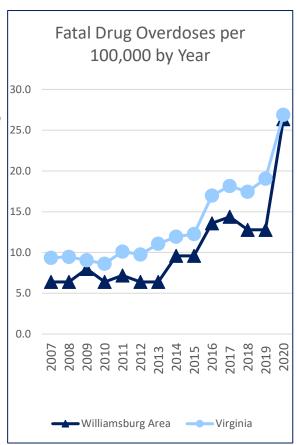


### **Drugs in the Community**

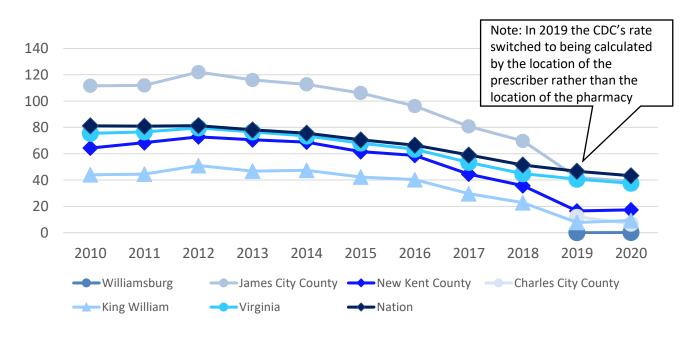


Williamsburg, like the rest of the nation, has continued to struggle with drugs in the community. While the fatal drug overdose rate has remained slightly lower than the overall Virginia rate, it has increased more than 400% in seven years.

While not the only drug in the community, opioids- which is a type of narcotic pain medication - continues to be a problem. While the overall dispensing rate has decreased, the problem continues.

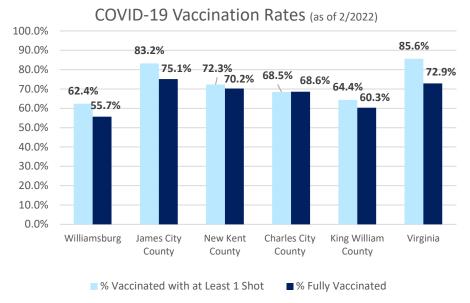


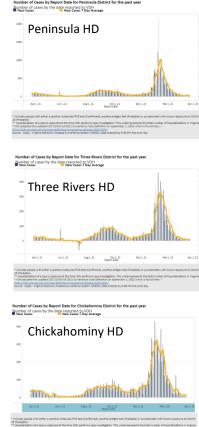
Opioid Dispensing Rate per 100 Persons

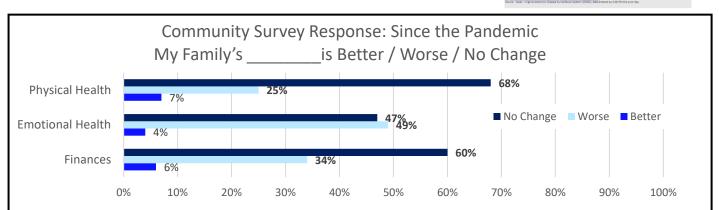


#### COVID-19

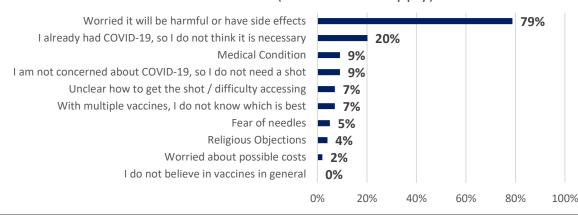
The COVID-19 pandemic across the three health districts has largely reflected the trends across the rest of the state.





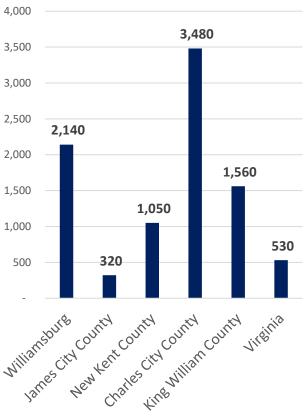


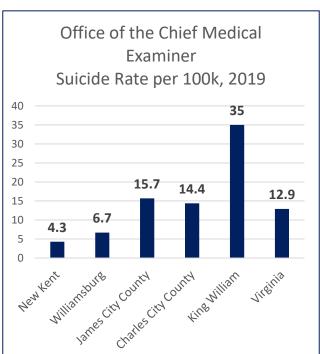
Community Survey Response: Please share your concerns about the COVID-19 Vaccine (select all that apply)

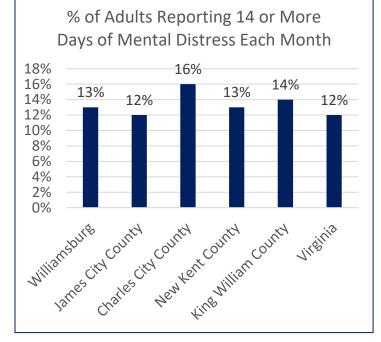


#### Mental Health

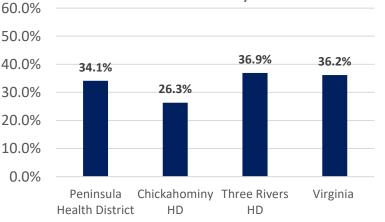
Individuals per Mental Health Provider, 2020



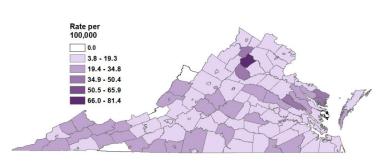




% of Adults Reporting 1 or More Days of Poor Mental Health in the Last 30 Days



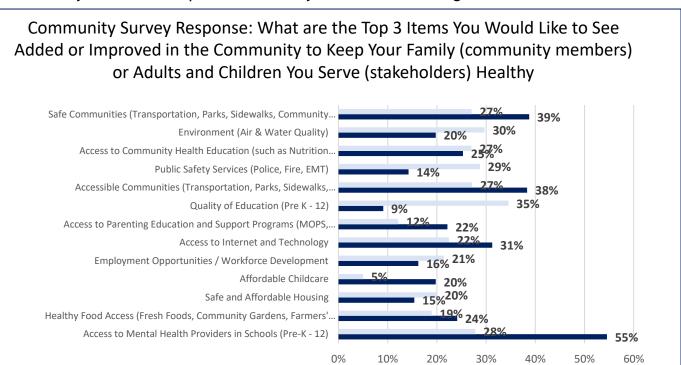
Map 2.6 Suicide Rates by Locality of Residence, 2019

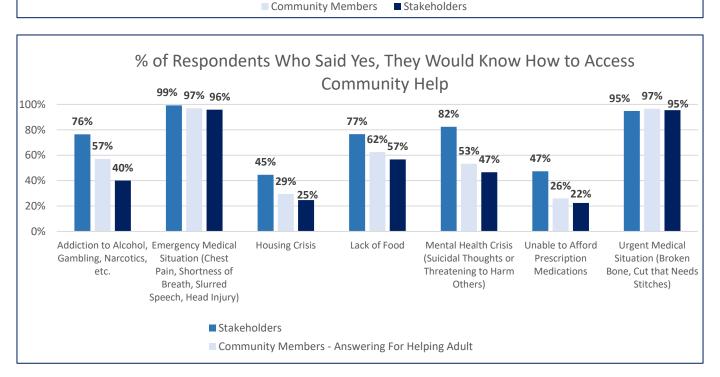


Virginia Department of Health

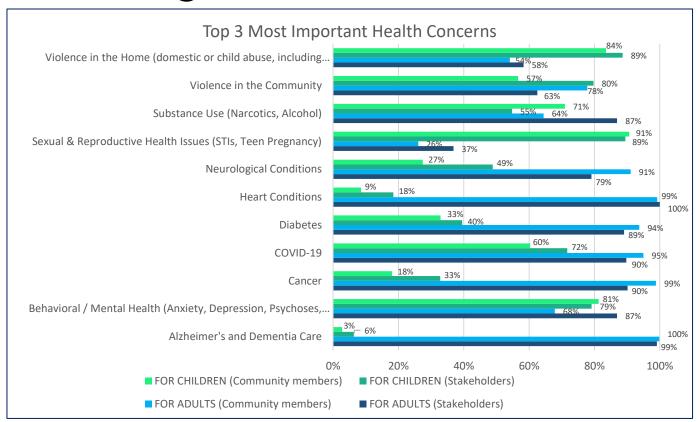
### **Coming Together**

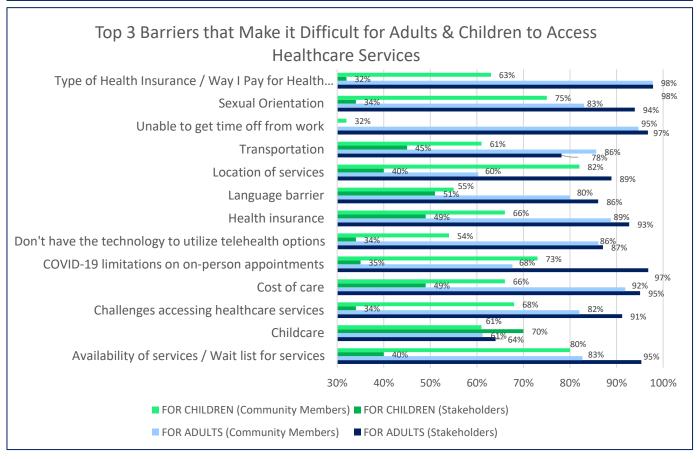
While demographic and health statistics tell part of the story, hearing from community leaders, medical and public health experts as well as community members is a critical part of understanding the health of the community. The Hampton Roads Community Survey was open from late November 2021 thru February 2022, with 558 community stakeholders and 4,202 community members completed the survey to share their thoughts.





## Listening to Each Other





## RDHW Community Health Progress 2020-2022

#### Alzheimer's and Dementia Care

- Geriatric Assessment Clinic
- Access to Benjamin Rose Institute on Aging Care Consultation Program
- Memory Cafes in Williamsburg and York County for social support for memory patients and caregivers
- Caring for You, Caring for Me program
- Dealing with Dementia community program

# Diabetes, Obesity, Physical Inactivity and Improved Nutrition

 Community outreach and education moved online during the pandemic with blogs and videos available via Riverside website and social media channels such as Facebook, Instagram and YouTube.





#### Advancing the Heart Safe Community

- Received designation Feb. 2018
- Went live on the PulsePoint app in the Williamsburg area
- Continued Hands Free CPR and AED training until pandemic caused inperson meetings to cease.

#### COVID-19 Leadership

- Cared for the community through the peaks of then pandemic - especially at the poultry processing plants.
- Partnered with VDH to administer the vaccine to area residents





## RDHW Community Health Focus Areas 2023-2025

#### Focus Area 1: Memory & Dementia Services

- Continue Memory Cafés and look to provide other opportunities to provide support individuals with dementia and their caregivers.
- Implement programs such as the Purple Flower program to help team members identify patients with dementia problems in order to calibrate their communication and expectations.
- Improve emergency department experience for dementia patients with behavioral disturbances with goal of preventing admissions through interdisciplinary approach.





## Additional Community Outreach

- Community health education and screenings
- Mental & Behavioral Health Focus on Health Equity
- Community Partnerships





# Focus Area 2: Opioid Stewardship & Substance Use Disorder

- Work with RHS partners to implement standardized primary prevention strategies, including monitoring of opioid prescriptions with naloxone prescriptions and reviewing documentation standards.
- Host multiple drug take back days in partnership with local law enforcement and the DEA.
- Implement policies to increase screening to identify patients at high risk of substance use disorder.
- Following pilots at sister facilities, implement programs to help individuals who want to get off opioids to do so more easily with Medication Assisted Treatment.